

Iron County Register

By ELI D. AKE.

IRONTON, MISSOURI

Efforts are being made in London to further the emigration of British women to South Africa.

Mme. Jeanne Marni has just won the Chauchard prize given by the Societe des Gens de Lettres de France.

Alfred Soderman of Worcester, Mass., has succeeded in growing potatoes and tomatoes on the same vine.

The schools of London are to have foghorns, but not, it may be, as a symbol of the pedagogy of old England.

It is proposed to build a medical college at Lucknow as a memorial to the visit of the prince of Wales in 1905, at a cost of \$1,250,000.

One point in favor of the directorate gown is the fact that it could not possibly be as bad as some of the imaginative artists picture it.

Sweden is sending to the United States for some of her sons who have forsaken her and have made a success of careers in this country.

In order to keep up the supply of billiard balls several hundred elephants have to be killed every year. Billiards is an expensive game.

Japan's new prime minister says his one aim will be to preserve the world's peace, but thus far he has not ordered the Japanese navy to sink itself.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., have a second son. The outlook for that youngster is brighter than it is for the second son of the king of Spain.

The Pan-American idea continues to find favor. The president has appointed nine delegates to the Pan-American scientific congress, to be held in Santiago, Chile, in December.

A Wilkesbarre judge has announced that debts for sheath gowns are uncollectible in his court. It is a poor style that cannot chronicle its own peculiar foolishness at the start-off.

Wu Ting-fung has eight ancient rules which assure a person that he can live for 200 years. The rules must be the limit of unbearable, or somebody would have tested them by this time.

A co-educational college in Ohio is reported to have been responsible for 10,000 weddings during its career of 50 years. This looks as if the co-educational system is not as bad as some persons say it is.

Tests of reinforced concrete barges and pontoons have been conducted by the Italian government since 1897, and the results have been so gratifying that several more of the strange constructions have been ordered.

The English papers have combined to boycott the word suffragette. They discovered that its use was no assurance that a circulation solicitor wouldn't get a painful of dishwasher where he had been counting on a kindly welcome.

John Ruskin proposed old-age pensions more than 50 years ago. In his lectures at Manchester in 1857 on "The Political Economy of Art" he pleaded for pensions to "soldiers of the plowshare as well as soldiers of the sword."

A Chicago professor predicts that English will be among the dead languages in the year 4000. However, when it is considered that the language has been pretty well used and abused without showing the wear most persons are sanguine enough to hope that it will live a little longer.

Who denies that the world is growing better? asks the Omaha Bee. A man has been sentenced to seven years in prison at Goldfield, Nev., for selling fake mining stock. Life is going to lose some of its attractiveness in the west if it is made a crime to fleece a tenderfoot by the mining stock game.

One want begets another. The harvest is uncommonly big this year, and the demand for agricultural implements is on a corresponding scale. In some quarters the announcement is that all records have been broken. Such activity means busy times and lots of work in the manufacturing of mowers and reapers and other up-to-date machinery for farmers.

"Vodka" bottles in Russia carry the imperial eagle on the labels—the "vodka" trade is a government monopoly—but a commission of the Duma, appointed to consider the drink evil, has lately recommended that the eagle be removed from the label, and a skull and crossbones be put in its place, with appropriate warnings against the use of the poison.

It looks as though the potato bug, like the elm tree beetle, the cotton boll weevil and the wicked flea, which have on their backs lesser critters to bite 'em, is going to get his. Farmers in Maine, which is a big potato state, are rejoicing over the alleged discovery of a parasite which is exterminating the potato bug. That insect has been for many years one of the scourges of the country, infesting every region where tubers are raised. If the parasite proves to be all that is claimed the days of the potato bug are numbered.

Another proof of the growing importance of interior waterways. Traffic on the Missouri river has so increased that larger steamboats and more of them are demanded to meet requirements. The Missouri is a mighty stream, 3,000 miles long, though the tortuous course and uncertain depth, with fluctuating currents, make navigation difficult and dangerous. Nevertheless there are long stretches where boats of considerable draft can be employed, and with water transportation for a large portion of the products of a big region the gains would be great.

ANOTHER AGITATOR.



76 PERISH IN A MINE

RESCUERS FIGHT FLAMES AND GASES TO RECOVER BODIES.

FRENZIED MOB AT SHAFT

Relatives, Grief Stricken, Keep an All-Night Vigil in Vain Hope.

Wigan, England.—After the recovery Wednesday of the 20 burned and mutilated bodies from the May Pole colliery, where an explosion occurred Tuesday evening, flames drove the rescuers back, with 50 or 60 bodies still unrecovered.

Heroic efforts are now being made to subdue the flames so that the rescuing party can re-enter the wrecked mine, but there is no hope of finding any of the entombed men alive.

The rescuers are working against fearful odds and at risk of losing their own lives in the flames and gases that fill the mine. The men are equipped with an oxygen apparatus.

Many were overcome by the flames and brought to the top of the mine unconscious. Eighty men were in the mine when the explosion occurred and only four escaped. Most of the bodies recovered are either headless or limbless, showing the terrific force of the explosion. Many mine ponies were dismembered.

A frenzied and grief stricken mob, after an all night vigil, is still hovering near the shaft, vainly hoping that some of the entombed miners may yet be alive.

The cause of the explosion has not been determined.

POSSE SAVES NEGROES.

Blacks Accused of Dynamiting Alabama House Roughly Handled.

Birmingham, Ala.—Only the presence of a big posse of deputies prevented the lynching Wednesday of two negro strikers who were arrested at Pratt City for dynamiting the house of Thomas Duggan, a prominent mine official.

The dynamite was thrown against a window inside of which Duggan's two daughters were sleeping. They barely escaped death and were badly cut by flying glass and splinters of the window frame. The house of a negro miner, which stood nearby, was completely wrecked.

MOUNTAIN TOWNS IN PERIL.

Forest Fires in British Columbia Drive Refugees to Cities.

Cranbrook, B. C.—Fear is growing that the great calamity of Elk Valley will be repeated in this section any moment on account of increasing forest fires in all directions.

The sky is obscured by smoke and the roar of flames coming from the neighboring hills drowns all other sounds. Kiberly, Moyer and other small mountain towns are fighting for their very existence. Refugees are flocking to this city from the surrounding fire zone.

Prayers Win Election.

Neosho, Mo.—Prohibition won in Tuesday's local option city election by 55 majority. A continuous prayer meeting from 5 a. m. until 7 p. m. and the ringing of church bells at two-hour intervals were features of the fight made by the temperance advocates.

Child Refuses to Wed; Slain.

Altus, Okla.—Alice Carter, 11 years old, refused to marry Charles Fisher, a farm hand, against her parents' wishes, whereupon he drew a revolver and shot and instantly killed her and then committed suicide.

Fund for Radium Research.

Vienna.—A friend of learning, who wishes to remain anonymous, has offered the sum of \$10,000 to the Vienna Imperial academy of science for the establishment of a great institute for radium research.

Clock Weight Kills a Doctor.

Columbus, Miss.—Dr. A. C. Halbert, one of the best-known citizens of Columbus, was killed the other afternoon when a weight fell from the clock in the courthouse and struck him on the head, killing him instantly.

Auto's Plunge Kills One.

Buffalo, N. Y.—One man was killed and two were injured, one possibly fatally, when a speeding automobile dashed over an embankment in Delaware Park and into an abandoned quarry.

JAP HELD ON PRETENSE.

Is Suspected of Seeking Secret of Manufacturing Projectiles.

Pittsburg, Pa.—Sam Flue, a Japanese, stylishly dressed, showing evidence of wealth and apparently educated, was lodged in jail here Wednesday night, charged with trespassing on railroad property. He is held in default of bail. It is intimated the trespass charge is merely made to hold Flue pending investigation of a suspicion that as a representative of the Japanese government he has been seeking the secrets of the manufacture of projectiles at the plant of the Fifth-Sterling Steel Co., near McKeesport.

When arrested he is said to have told the railroad detective that he was employed at that plant.

The officials of the plant say no such person is known to the company, and if he worked there it was in disguise.

Nebraska Corn Crops Assured.

Lincoln, Neb.—A heavy rain that covered practically every section of Nebraska fell late Tuesday night and Wednesday. Railroad men and crop experts say it is all that was needed to assure a corn crop. In some sections the rain was heavier than desired. At Culbertson tracks were washed out. At Strong and Astell hail fell, but little damage was done.

Auto Takes to Water.

Minot, N. D.—William H. Winney and John Ginsberg were speeding in Mr. Winney's touring automobile along the Mouse river Wednesday, when the steering gear of the car became unmanageable and the machine headed for the 40-foot embankment of the river. Both men jumped just in time to escape being carried over with the machine. The automobile went to the bottom of the river.

Irregularities in Cuba Schools.

Havana, Cuba.—In consequence of the discovery of extensive irregularities in the department of public instruction, of which Lincoln de Zayas is superintendent, Lieut. Col. Bullard has been appointed surveyor and ordered to institute a rigid investigation. It is alleged by the officials of provisional government that the payrolls have been padded and exorbitant amounts charged for the rent of the public schools.

Ruef Held on Bribe Charge.

San Francisco, Cal.—After a preliminary examination, the longest in the history of the local police court, which consumed 67 days, Abraham Ruef, former political boss in this city, was Wednesday held by Judge Cabislus for trial in the superior court upon a charge of bribing former Supervisor J. J. Fuery to vote for an electric street railway franchise. Bail was fixed at \$3,000, which was promptly furnished.

Goodrich, Senior Rear Admiral.

Washington, D. C.—The retirement of Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans placed Rear Admiral Casper E. Goodrich, commandant of the navy yard at New York, at the head of the active list of rear admirals of the navy. Admiral Goodrich will be retired in January next.

Indiana Miners' Strike Ends.

Terre Haute, Ind.—The strike in the bituminous coal field is ended officially by the announcement that the Operators' association had agreed to the demands of the United Mine Workers of District No. 11, and 12, 600 miners are at work.

Child Choked by Olive Seed.

Sharon, Pa.—While eating olives, Mildred, the 10-year-old daughter of Stephen Evans, was choked to death by one of the seeds lodging in her throat.

Big Lumber Mills Burn.

Wilmington, Vt.—The Mountain Mills, owned by the Deerfield Lumber Co., were destroyed by fire. Three tenement houses, all of the storehouses of the lumber company and nine lumber-laden freight cars were also burned.

Child Drowns in a Tub.

Parkersburg, W. Va.—The 16-month-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Cales was drowned when she fell into a tub of water in which she had been playing.

SEARCH FOR NEGRO

HOUSEWIFE KNOCKED DOWN WHILE HUSBAND IS ABSENT.

TIN BOX AND \$30 IS MISSING

Mrs. Kennedy Fails to Identify Negro Suspect Arrested and He Is Released.

St. Louis, Mo.—Mrs. James Kennedy of Dwyer, St. Louis county, who was knocked down and assaulted by a negro in her home, went to Clayton Friday and said that William Clemens, a Kirkwood negro locked up there as a suspect, was not her assailant. Clemens then was released.

She said the negro who followed her into her home as she returned from a visit to St. Louis Thursday night was heavy set, copper colored, weighed about 150 pounds and wore a dark blue suit and a straw hat.

Dwyer is on the Danny road, four miles west of Clayton. The Kennedys live in a farm house and the husband was away from home the early part of Thursday evening.

Was Expecting Husband. Mrs. Kennedy, who is 25 years old and of frail physique, was in St. Louis Thursday afternoon with her baby. She took a train on the Creve Coeur division of the Missouri Pacific, expecting her husband to get on the train at Benton station, in the city.

Kennedy failed to board the train, and Mrs. Kennedy got off at Emerson station, which is a short distance from her home. She had to carry her baby so left two baskets at the station, and returned there to get them, leaving her baby at the house.

It was after her return that the negro entered the house and attacked her.

TROOPS LEAVE SPRINGFIELD.

Only One Regiment Remains—Grand Jury Indicts Two.

Springfield, Ill.—Only one regiment, the Seventh, remains in Springfield Friday. The First Cavalry departed Friday morning. The city is quiet and business is fast resuming normal conditions.

Mrs. Kate Howard, who was indicted Thursday on four counts and her bond fixed at \$10,000, Friday was able to give bail and has been released. Abe Rehmer cannot give bond as he is indicted for murder.

The coroner's jury Friday morning decided to exhumate the body of Louis Johnson, the first killed in the riots. His body was found in Loper's basement, but there has always been a dispute whether he died of shotgun wounds or from cuts from glass.

It is announced that the grand jury is not yet through with Mrs. Howard, but that many other indictments are to be returned against both of them.

Oklahoma Banks Denationalizing. Guthrie, Okla.—Eight national banks in Oklahoma have announced that they will denationalize and become state banks to enable them to take advantage of the state banking guaranty law. The comptroller of the currency has notified all national banks in Oklahoma that they may not operate under this law. One national bank has announced that it will organize a savings bank under the guaranty law, thereby enjoying the prestige of both a national and a state bank.

Catcher Bushong Dead. New York.—Dr. Albert J. Bushong, famous as a baseball catcher when a member of the St. Louis Browns and the Brooklyn teams, died at his home in Brooklyn late Thursday afternoon. Bushong was born in Philadelphia 52 years ago and in the 80's vied with "King" Kelly for first honors as a backstop. He retired from baseball in 1900, taking up dentistry.

Physicians Find Stein Suicide Was Not an Impossibility.

Des Moines, Iowa.—Morris B. P. Stein, the young Des Moines man who was mysteriously killed at Louisville, O., a week ago last Friday, could have fired the shot which ended his life, in the opinion of three Des Moines physicians, who Sunday morning made a post-mortem examination of Stein's body.

Should the autopsy over the body of Miss Porter at Louisville reveal that the same caliber bullets caused her death, it will be settled beyond question that the same gun was used in the killing of both. Three chambers of the revolver found near the bodies were empty. It is probable that should Mrs. Stein and Mrs. Maynard be tried at Louisville for the murder, the portions of the dead man's anatomy would be taken there and used in the case.

Newest in Campaign Speeches. Washington, D. C.—Canned oratory was used for the first time in the presidential campaign at a meeting here Thursday night by the District of Columbia Democratic association. William J. Bryan's voice was reproduced by graphophone in a dissertation on publicity in campaign contributions and the election of United States senators by direct vote.

Seventy-Six Miners Perished. Wigan.—It is now known that 76 miners have perished in the explosion and the fire that followed it in the Maypole mine. Finding that it would be impossible to recover the bodies still in the pit, the fire having taken such a firm hold, the directors Thursday night decided to flood the mine.

Mrs. Hayes Acquitted. Centennial, Ill.—Mrs. Virginia B. Hayes, charged with attempting to poison Elmer Riley, her son-in-law, by putting poison in his lunch, was acquitted Thursday.

Pension Vouchers Carried Free. Washington.—Hereafter all pensioners will be allowed the free use of the mails to return their pension vouchers, as the result of an order issued by Postmaster General Meyer, amending the postal regulations.

Morocco's Sultan Prisoner. Tangier.—It is reported here that the army of Abd-el-Aziz, sultan of Morocco, has been routed by the forces of his brother, Mulai Hafid, 50 miles from Morocco City, and that the sultan has been taken prisoner.

Memphis Has a \$100,000 Fire. Memphis, Tenn.—Fire gutted the Rowena building on Main street, near Washington, occupied by J. C. Adkins & Co., hardware. The estimated loss is \$100,000. Braun's hotel, adjoining, suffered a small loss.

Japs Rebel Against Taxes. San Francisco.—J. K. Friedman, the Chicago author, who arrived here from Japan, predicts a revolution in that country. Heavy taxation, he says, is spreading a spirit of revolt among the people.

ARREST IN BIG CHICAGO STEAL

THEFT HAS BAFFLED SECRET SERVICE MEN FOR YEAR AND A HALF.

SUB-TREASURY LOST \$173,000

Friend Declares George W. Fitzgerald, Now in Custody, Is Innocent. Was Formerly an Employee.

Chicago.—The mystery of the theft of \$173,000 from the United States subtreasury a year and a half ago, one of the largest losses the government has ever suffered in this manner, is believed to have been solved by the arrest Sunday of George W. Fitzgerald. Others are believed to have been implicated in the crime, which for months completely baffled government secret service men.

Fitzgerald was an assenting teller under Assistant United States Treasurer William Boldenwick. Suspicion at the time of the theft, Feb. 20, 1907, rested on him, but so plausible was his story and so intense his apparent interest in discovering the real culprit that interest ceased to center in him. Much work was done on the theory that the crime had been perpetrated by a negro.

Bills of Large Denomination. Meanwhile Fitzgerald was discharged from the government employ for culpable negligence in allowing such a theft to be consummated under his eyes. The money stolen had been used and was tied in packages, some of which having been marked for destruction at Washington. Any of them would readily have passed anywhere except for their large denominations. None of the bills was under \$500 and some were of the \$1,000 and \$5,000 denominations, the \$1,000 ones predominating.

Meanwhile Herbert F. Young, a former Chicago newspaper reporter and now head of the Young Secret Service agency, became interested in the case, at first without official connection, but later as the agent of Mr. Boldenwick.

It had not been intended to arrest Fitzgerald at this time, as further evidence was not only wanted against him, but developments were expected which would conclusively involve others. However, it is stated those developments had obtained an ending that untoward developments were going forward and it was deemed best to lose no time in making an arrest.

The case being one properly under federal jurisdiction, a United States judge was first sought, but none could be found. Assistant State's Attorney Barbour was next approached, and shortly after midnight Sunday morning Judge Chetlain at his home issued a bench warrant for the arrest of Fitzgerald on the charge of larceny of \$173,000 from the government vaults.

COULD HAVE FIRED SHOT.

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Has Spoken in Six States.

Eau Claire, Wis.—E. W. Chafin, prohibition candidate for the presidency, and W. D. Cox, nominee for governor of Wisconsin on the prohibition ticket, Sunday spoke here to 4,000 people. Chafin left for Minneapolis Sunday night, where he will deliver five speeches Monday. Chafin Sunday said that he had spoken in six states already and intended to cover the remaining states before November.

New Monetary System in China.

London, Eng.—A dispatch from Shanghai to the Morning Post says that it is reported that China has decided to adopt the Japanese monetary system.

World's Fair for Brussels.

Brussels.—An international and universal exhibition is to take place in Brussels in 1910. The British, French, German, Italian and American governments have announced that they will take an active share in it.

Prisoner Jumps from Train.

Memphis, Tenn.—C. H. Doyle, charged with passing \$25,000 in checks in 60 different cities, and who was being taken from Sherman, Tex., to Chattanooga, Tenn., escaped by jumping from a Rock Island train.

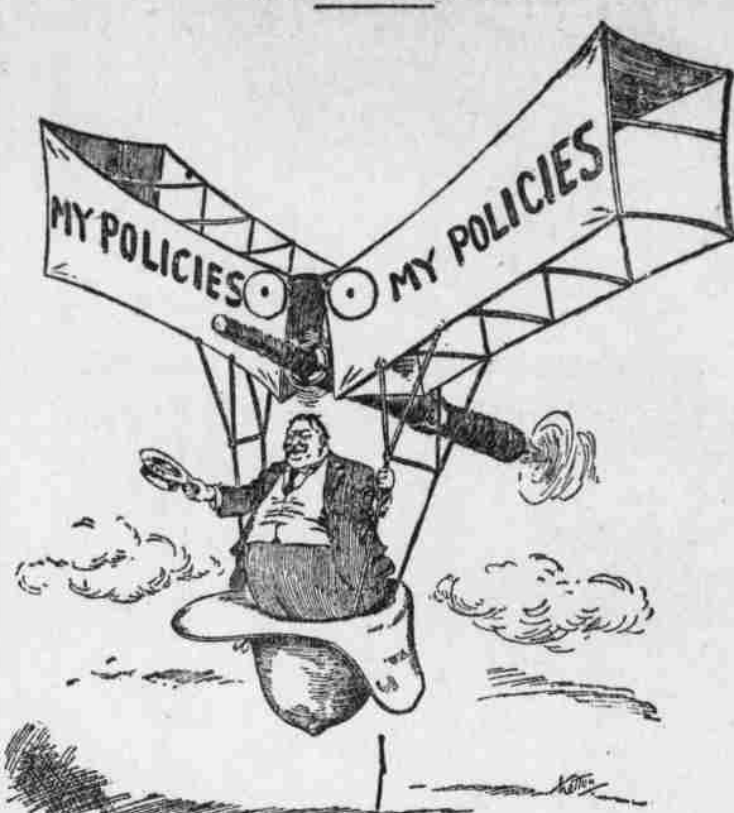
Brewer Poth Will Recover.

Trenton, N. J.—Frank Poth, the millionaire brewer of Philadelphia, who was stricken ill at a hotel in this city a few days ago while here on a business trip, has been removed by his physician to his home.

"Ik Marvel" Critically Ill.

New Haven, Conn.—Donald G. Mitchell, known in the literary world as "Ik Marvel," is critically ill at the fine old mansion he has occupied here for 50 years, and his physicians believe he is near the end.

HIS FLYING MACHINE.



A VOTE FOR TRUSTS

IS EVERY BALLOT CAST FOR REPUBLICAN PRESIDENT.

Higher Tariff Rates Assured if Present Party Is Continued in Power, and Protected Monopolies Will Continue to Rob.

Tariff protection has been imposed upon the American people by a set of political charlatans working under the guise of Republicanism. Protectionism has had a fair trial and has at last broken down of its own weight. The Republican party that became obsessed by this devil of greed has gone so far as to declare that protection produces prosperity, and yet the words were hardly out of its mouth before tariff protection was helping to produce the causes that culminated in a panic from which the country is still suffering.

There is no true principle or science in protection, but it stands for that infernal Republican doctrine that the few shall profit at the expense of the many. Under protectionism the manufacturing class is subsidized at the expense of other classes, and very naturally begot monopolies which we call trusts. Foreign competition is ward off by high import duties, so that instead of the government collecting all the tariff taxes most of the tariff taxes are collected by the trusts, for the less imports there are the more the trusts are able to collect by increasing the price of their products to what the price of imported products would be.

Still, some of the trusts are not satisfied and want higher rates of duty, because some people are so unpatriotic that they will buy imported goods. So the Republican platform has declared for a maximum tariff under which the rate will be so high as to be absolutely prohibitive and prevent any importation of manufactured goods.

With such a promise of complete monopoly of the home market, no wonder the trusts' stocks are selling higher in Wall street, although under the present panic conditions they are doing but 75 per cent, or less, of normal business. To deceive the voters and those who speculate in stocks, the trust managers are trying to appear prosperous. Sunshine clubs are busy, through their press bureau, publishing statements of works starting up, more men being hired and goods being sold, but after all these efforts, business still drags, for high trust prices control the market. The trusts control the markets and plunder the people at their own will, for competition is dead, protectionism has killed it.

The price for this tariff protection will be paid by the trusts in campaign contributions.

If the Republicans win at the coming election the trusts will receive their reward in greater protection. If the Democrats succeed the tariff will be revised and the trusts will be compelled to reduce prices, which will lead to greater consumption and eventually much more prosperity than ever known before. For it must be remembered that tariff taxes are an embargo on business and by raising prices prevent the people from buying, for a man cannot spend more money than he earns.

The Republican idea that high prices of manufactured products produce prosperity to anyone except the trusts or manufacturers, is so absurd that it is a wonder that any voter is deceived by it. For instance, less than one out of a hundred people are able to wear or use woolen goods, because the price is too high. They have

Wall Street and Politics.

The steel trust is reported to have but 55 per cent. of the capacity of its plants producing, and yet the shares are constantly enhancing in price in Wall street. The steel trust common stock dividend for the last quarter was one-half of one per cent. or at the rate of two per cent. per annum. The stock is now quoted at 45, so it pays a little over four per cent. But whether that dividend is now being earned is very doubtful. The price of steel has been cut, but wages are the same, so that the profits must show a large decrease from last year, with not much over 50 per cent. of the business. Why does the steel stock advance so greatly under such circumstances? It must be caused by manipulative and simple, and that must be influenced by something that is expected to happen in the future. Is it the promise of the Republican leaders that the tariff which protects the steel trust from foreign competition is to be increased, instead of revised downward? Or will wages be put down "after election," so that the trust can pay bigger dividends?

to be satisfied with mercerized cotton and shoddy, with just enough wool, in some cases, to deceive the eyes of the buyers. Every one would like to use, when winter comes, clothes made of "all wool and a yard wide," but the tariff-protected woolen trust is protected by the tariff in not only being able to put down the price of wool, to the farmer, but to keep up the price of its products to the consumers.

The beef trust has been reducing the price of cattle and sheep and putting up the price of beef and mutton, because it is protected by the tariff in so doing, and in spite of the so-called trust busting, the trust is still doing business at the old stand and has a virtual monopoly of the buying of cattle and sheep and the sale of beef and mutton.

And these things, and many others like them, are all done under the plundering system called protection, which Republicans declare is the cardinal principle of their party.

PROVES NEED OF REFORM.

Protective Tariff League Provides Argument for Democrats.

The Protective Tariff league has issued a bulletin asking the beneficiaries of the tariff to get to work at once on the "scientific facts" as to the cost of production in foreign countries, compared with the cost of production in the United States. This evidence of cost is to be presented to the committee on ways and means to show that it would be ruinous to the trusts and manufacturers to have their tariff protection reduced and be compelled to compete with foreign producers.

The league has given its members a hard nut to crack, for the English, German and French manufacturers are not likely to furnish the secret of the cost of producing their goods to their competitors here. The real object of the league is to show that the foreign manufacturer can produce much cheaper than the American manufacturer can, because labor is cheaper abroad than here. And the argument of the league is emboldened by the stand-patters in the Republican platform, which declares:

"In all tariff legislation the true principle of protection is best maintained by the imposition of such duties as will equal the difference between the cost of production at home and abroad, together with a reasonable profit to American industries."

There is one serious stumbling block to putting this standpoint theory of the differences in cost here and abroad into practical operation, and that is the well-known aversion of manufacturers to give away the secrets of their trade and expose their profits. Some of our manufacturers are declaring they must have more protection, for instance the potter's trust, with headquarters at Trenton, N. J., is demanding higher tariff rates on its products, and some Republican congressmen, including Speaker Cannon, have promised it to them. Probably other trusts have been assured of greater tariff protection by the Republican managers, if they aid liberally with contributions to the campaign fund.

But how can the Republicans explain away the fact that many of the protected trusts are selling abroad cheaper than at home? To do that successfully the labor cost here must be even less than the labor cost abroad, brought about by the use of superior machinery and the more agile and competent American workmen.

That is the very best evidence of the necessity of tariff reform, for why should not the American people have a chance at the bargain counter which the trusts and combines offer, as well as foreigners?

There are other instances of the evident manipulation of the price of stocks in Wall street that have even less apparent reason for advancing just now. Is the job already put up for a general wage reduction "after election," also an increase of railroad rates? It certainly looks that way.

There will be a "Bryan scare" due about September 15, and stocks may tumble, for the Republican managers will need something to frighten the corporations into furnishing more boodle to finish the job of "saving the country."

Voters Vs. Tariff Barons.

The truth is that stand-patters have decreed the tariff shall not be disturbed until they choose next year, or some other year, to make a few trifling "concessions" to public sentiment.

How does this comport with the expressions of tariff reform sentiment throughout the nation? Are the wishes of constituents to be represented by the zero mark when tariff barons get the ear of congressmen.—Chicago Journal (Ind.).